# KERMIT Research Unit Knowledge-based Systems

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- K nowledge
- **E** xtraction
- R epresentation
- M agagement
  - I ntelligent
- T echniques

## Faculty of Bioscience Engineering, Ghent University

- Ghent University (1817): a pluralist university (40000 students), ranked 89 in the Shanghai ranking
- Faculty of Bioscience Engineering (1920):
  - offers academic education and services that support innovative applied scientific research with living matter as the central subject
  - teaching and research integrate biological, physical and chemical sciences with engineering techniques, with as objective the sustainable production and processing of plant and animal raw material and the management and protection of nature and the environment
- Dept. of Mathemat. Mod., Statistics and Bioinformatics (1993):
  - BIOMATH: model-based bio-process optimization (1 assoc. prof.)
  - BIOSTAT: applied biostatistics (1 full prof., 1 assoc. prof.)
  - KERMIT: knowledge-based modelling (1 full prof., 1 assist. prof.)
  - BIOBIX: bio-informatics (1,5 assoc. prof.)

## Faculty of Bioscience Engineering, Ghent University

#### • **KERMIT** (2000):

- draws upon intelligent techniques resulting from the cross-fertilization between the fields of computational intelligence and operations research
- serves as an attraction pole for applications in the applied biological sciences
- consists of one full professor and one assistant professor, 2 post-docs, 20+ PhD and some MSc students

#### KERMIT track record

**Interdisciplinary** team of (bio-)engineers, computer scientists and mathematicians:

- focus on doctoral degrees:
  - in the period 2001-2012: 39 PhD degrees awarded
  - at present: 20+ PhD students involved
- focus on papers in top journals:
  - in the period 2001-2012: 280 journal papers listed in Web of Science, the majority in the top quartile
  - in a broad range of subject categories

#### Three research lines

The activities of KERMIT are organised in three key research lines:

- Knowledge-based modelling: fuzzy modelling; preference modelling, (multi-criteria) decision making and voting; knowledge management, ontologies, ...
- Predictive modelling: machine learning, data mining, clustering, ...
- Spatio-temporal modelling: (partial) differential equations, cellular automata, individual-based models, coupled-map lattices, ...

#### Particular focus

#### Recurrent themes:

- mathematical and computational aspects of relational structures (preference relations, posets, graphs, ...)
- modelling of imprecision and uncertainty
- use of (metaheuristic) optimization techniques
- high-performance computing (Intel Blade server, over hundred cores)

## Some fields of applications

#### Key fields of application:

- bioinformatics
- hydrology
- ecology
- microbiology
- remote sensing
- crop protection
- animal production
- hybrid breeding
- food science

### Some future research themes

Interweaving our three research lines, opening up new research directions:

- analysis of space-time series: movement data (humans: mass events; animals: migration)
- analysis of biological imagery
- in silico testing of ecological theories (predator-prey models, cyclic competition)
- food safety and quality